

Improving Sleep in Children and Young People – The Sheffield Sleeping Well Project

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• Sleep & sleep strategies (5 mins)

Plan

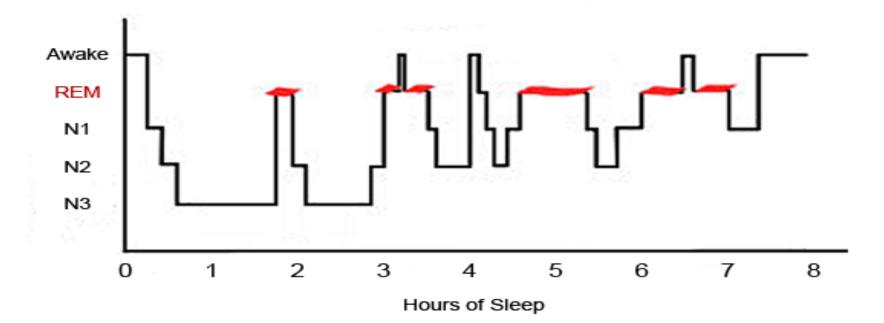
- Research Project (5 mins)
- Case Presentation (5 mins)
- Open discussion and questions (5 mins)

The Importance of Sleep

Sleep is vital to our mental, emotional and physical wellbeing









Working to ensure that Children get a good night's sleepand so do their parents!

www.thechildrenssleepCharity.org.uk

Sleep Issues

- Restless Leg Syndrome
- Rhythmic movement disorder
- Night terrors/Nightmares
- Sleep walking
- Sleep apnoea



Potential Sleep issues

- 1, Lack of routine
- 2, Pain
- 3, Temperature of room
- 4, Bedding
- 5, Noise

- 6, Light
- 7, Over stimulating bedroom
- 8, Medication
- 9, Comfort
- 10, Sleep associations



Common Issues

- Self settling
- Night waking
- Understanding the difference between day and night
- Anxiety



Checklist for Good Sleep

- Is the child:
- Hungry
- Thirsty
-]||
- In pain
- Teething



- Wet or Soiled
- Not tired
- Able to self settle?

'Sleepy' Foods

- Think about sugar content.
- Avoid Caffeine
- Dairy products are good Cheese, yoghurt, fromage frais
- Slow release



Developing a Good Routine

- Plan quiet time.
- No screens in the hour before bedtime.
- Hand eye coordination activities.
- Make sure the bedtime routine is Calm.
- Bath time.
- Once your child has gone to their room they should not go back into the living room.
- Avoid giving your child blackcurrant drinks, chocolate, cola or coffee in the evening.
- Keep hugs, kisses and stories to the same length each night.
- Use a set phrase





A Restful Room

Needs to be:

•Comfortable - bed, duvet, pillows, nightwear

•Quiet

- •Dark or consistently have a light in it
- •Tidy

•The correct temperature 16 – 18 degrees

•Calming not stimulating - think about decor



Rewards

- Does your child know what you are rewarding?
- · Give verbal praise "I like the way you are . . "
- Never take rewards away
- Never give sad faces, crosses etc
- Reward as soon as possible
- Review rewards





Research Project



Funded by the Health Foundation -12 months of multidisciplinary working





NHS Foundation Trust





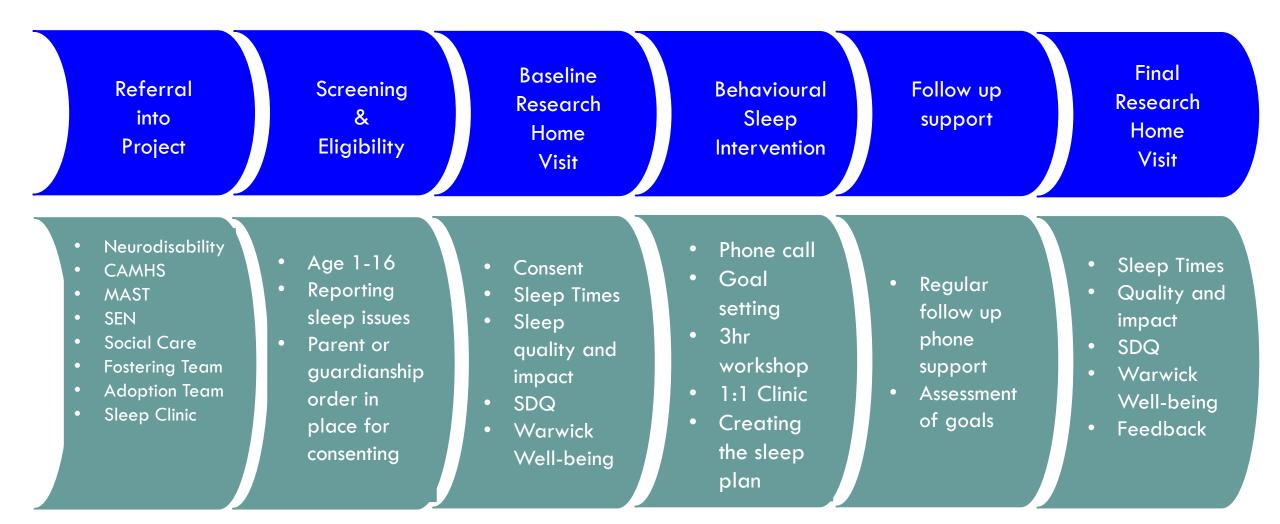
Paediatric Clinical Sleep Service, ADHD service, CAMHS service Resource materials, training, expertise

Children, Young People and Families Service & Fostering and Adoption Services



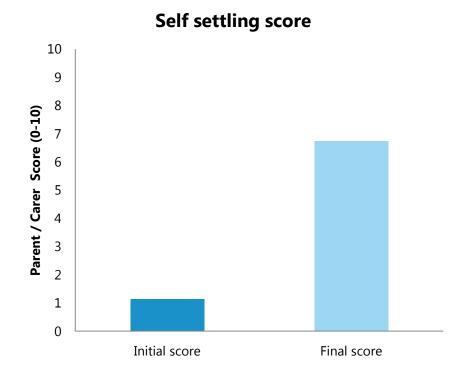
What did we do?







Ability to self settle

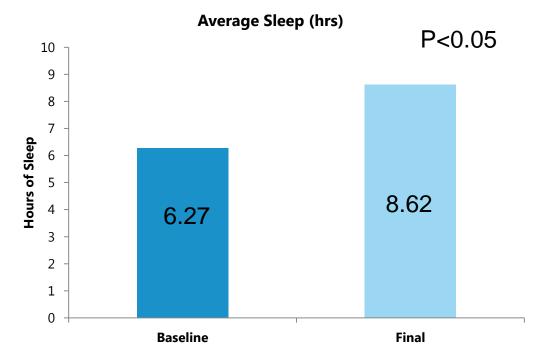


Parents / Carers' ratings of their child's ability to self-settle to sleep improved from 1.13/10 to 6.73/10 after the intervention.

Sheffield Children's NHS Foundation Trust



Total Sleep Time



Children gained on average an extra

Sheffield Children's **NHS**

NHS Foundation Trust

2.4 hours

sleep a night = nearly 2 nights extra sleep a week!



Mood of the Child on Waking



PRIOR TO INTERVENTION





Mood of the Child on Waking



POST INTERVENTION





Cost Impact



300%

increase in hospital attendances for children with sleep disorders in the last 10 years



is the average cost of a sleep study carried out in tertiary care

£40,000

being spent on melatonin prescribing in children in primary care in Sheffield <u>per month</u>

Total average cost of the behavioural sleep intervention per family = £300 - £400





The case study is based on multiple families experiences

- Danny is a 13 year old boy
- He lives with his adopted parents
- He has been with the family for 8 years
- Always been a bad sleeper
- He cannot switch off at bedtime, he describes his mind is racing
- He will go on his electronic devices and eventually fall asleep between 01:00 and 02:00
- He hates getting up for school in the mornings





- Danny's parents both work in busy jobs
- No set routine
- They are unsure exactly what time Danny falls asleep as they are already in bed by the time he falls asleep
- Waking Danny up for school is such a huge battle
- The parents are just get into work on time
- They have regular feedback from school about the lack of concentration in class & disruptive behaviour
- The couple's relationship is under pressure







Danny's Goal

• To be able to switch off at bedtime

Parent's Goal

• To fall asleep quicker





TIME	ACTIVITIES
21:30	 Technology is turned off Main lights dimmed, curtains closed Danny is encouraged to choose from activities on offer: Adult Colouring in / drawing Board Games Lego Jigsaw puzzles A drink of milk/water is given with supper from sleepy foods list
22:00	 Danny has a bath, or asked to put on nightwear if bath is too much Danny is not to return to living room at this point Danny goes to the toilet and brushes teeth following the bath
22:15	 Danny goes to the bedroom Reading Harry Potter for 15 mins only Give Danny a kiss and say "It is night time now, love you, go to sleep"
22:30	Danny left to go to sleep





Additional Strategies to accompany sleep plan:

- Removal of technology from bedroom
- Family centred time
- Getting up the same time (including weekends and school holidays)
- Worry time away from bedtime





The Importance of Support From Sleep Practitioners:

- Parental / carer confidence
- Listening and empathy
- Helping families through blips (illnesses, holidays, contact with birth parents, events at school)
- Regular assessment of GOALS so can see improvements (baby steps)







QUESTIONS?

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