

UK Career Framework for Pain Nurses

Level Four



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This document has been designed in collaboration with our members to ensure it meets most accessibility standards. However, if this does not fit your requirements, please contact corporate.communications@rcn.org.uk

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Level Four

This document has been designed to be used **in combination with** the appropriate standards / competency assessment framework, for example, for England, Northern Ireland, Scotland or Wales.

This document should be used as evidence for your own practice development and can be used as part of a personal development plan or as part of professional body revalidation

Those working at level 4 will have obtained the knowledge and skills as outlined in the previous levels and this is a natural progression in their development.

Example role title:	Associate practitioner Nursing associate Third year nursing student
Qualification:	As per previous levels plus: Foundation degree, Higher National Diploma, NVQ 4 or SVQ 4 in relevant subject area as per your current area of practice.
Role descriptor:	Those working at level 4 require factual and theoretical knowledge in broad contexts regarding pain assessment and management. They should be able to work within systems and protocols relating to pain management but still able to make judgements, plan activities of care and contribute to service and personal development. They may delegate and have supervisor responsibility to junior unregistered staff.

Domain One: Recognition of pain

This aspect of care examines definitions of pain, its anatomy and physiology, psychological, emotional, spiritual and social aspects of pain.

Knowledge	Skills
Describes the role of the nervous system in the transduction, transmission, perception and modulation of pain.	5. Identifies, with examples relevant to clinical practice, the potential adverse effects of acute, persistent and cancer-related pain
 2. Describes, with examples, fundamental knowledge of: nociceptive pain neuropathic pain visceral pain somatic pain. 	from the perspective of:
3. Describes the biopsychosocial model of pain.	development of chronic (persistent) pain.6. Assesses the patient and family's
4. Identifies the potential relationship of the	knowledge/understanding of their pain.
following to the person's experience of pain: anxietydepression	7. Identifies examples of the psychosocial impact of pain.
fear/avoidancespiritualityquality of life.	8. Modifies approach to patients according to the characteristics of their pain when performing observations and assessments.
	Accurately documents and communicates data/findings with relevant health personnel.

Domain Two: Assessment of pain

This aspect of care outlines how pain can be assessed, measured and communicated.

Knowledg	ge	Sk	rills
pain as	ses the rationale for assessment of a multi-dimensional experience and riers that can occur.	6.	Performs a general physical assessment. Assesses the impact of interventions on pain and function.
	valid and reliable tools for assessing easuring pain at rest and on nent.	7.	Assesses the patient and family's knowledge/understanding of their pain, its contributing factors, their goals, beliefs and expectations surrounding treatment and
	ies social populations with potential nges to assessment and demonstrate		their preferences.
fundar assess	fundamental knowledge of appropriate assessment frameworks/tools where relevant to practice.	8.	Accurately documents and communicates data/findings with relevant health care professionals.
	nstrates the ability to undertake a nental pain history.	9.	Documents timeline for reassessment of pain and evaluation of pain management interventions.
	ses clinical rationale for	10	Assurately evaluates offestiveness of pain
	gations in the assessment of the n with pain.	10.	Accurately evaluates effectiveness of pain management plan with the person in pain and communicates amendments required to appropriate health care professional.

Domain Three: Treatment - physical strategies to manage pain

This aspect of care outlines the importance of physical strategies to improve and maintain function in acute and persistent pain.

Knowledge	Skills
Describes how the following physical strategies aid pain management such as: turning and positioning wound support reach devices	5. Actively monitors the effectiveness of physical methods and strategies and integrates different aspects of practice to improve outcomes for patients.
heat and coldmassagemobilisation	Exhibits ways of engaging and empowering patients in the utilisation of physical strategies.
exerciserole of physiotherapyhydrotherapyTENS.	7. Utilises policies that guide practice as a resource to guide own practice and advise patients.
 2. In the context of: range of movement, muscle strength and stamina cardiovascular activity pain relief weight, nutrition and appetite management activities of daily living sleep mood. 	8. Praises and supports other junior staff members.
3. Identifies and works within sphere of own practice.	
4. In-depth knowledge of safeguarding principals for patient and patient information and knows when to escalate to health care professional.	

Domain Three: Treatment - self management strategies

This domain describes how the nursing team contribute to enabling patients to engage with self-management strategies for managing acute and chronic pain.

Knowledge	Skills
Demonstrates an understanding of how chronic differs from acute pain and discusses the rationale for the role self-	5. Assesses the impact of the interventions on the physical and psychological wellbeing of the patient.
physical and poyonological impact of pain.	6. Displays confidence in guiding the patient to self-management strategies by promoting
Identifies potential barriers to effective self-management. Assesses the impact of the interventions on	movement, reducing anxiety, improving comfort, facilitating sleep, distraction and involving the family.
the patient. 4. Identifies the different ways in which acute and chronic pain can be managed and the role of self-management. 8.	7. Assesses patient's level of ability to apply these strategies and facilitates knowledge
	and understanding of pain and related pain behaviour, beliefs, goals and expectations, highlighting how these may contribute to their pain.
	8. Actively takes part and contributes to promoting self-management strategies as part of the interdisciplinary team.
	Discusses clinical rationale for the self- management strategies chosen for the patient and how they have been applied.
	10. Accurately documents and communicates with the relevant personnel any outcomes related to chosen strategies.
	11. Recognises issues and applies agreed protocols to escalate problems in relation to self-management strategies that may occur as a result of their intervention(s).

Domain Three: Treatment - use of pharmacological strategies

This domain explores how nurses contribute to the safe, timely and appropriate use of pharmacological therapies.

Knowledge	Skills
Aware of any potential signs and symptoms/ contra-indication of pharmacological strategies.	6. Takes histories to include drug ranges, efficacy, side-effects of medication and intolerance to analgesia.
2. Knows the therapeutic uses of the medication to be administered, its normal dosage, side-effects, precautions and contra-indication.	7. Evaluates and articulates a clear rationale for the choice of pharmacological strategies.
3. Develops the skills to give simple and clear	8. Manages adverse effects and completes and maintains accurate documentation.
instructions for patients in their care, and at discharge.4. Recognises that medicines may impact	Takes responsibility for day-to-day management of routine care using pharmacological strategies.
mental capacity.	10. Considers the dosage, weight and, where
5. Aware of the roles of the regulatory agencies involved in medicine use, monitoring and licensing (for example the	appropriate, method of administration, route and timing.
	11. Assists in the development of protocols and guidelines for treatment of side effects and complications associated with pharmacological strategies.
	12. Works closely with pharmacy and other relevant health care professionals.

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