TB in England



7 in 10

People with TB were born abroad

7,265

5,102

2013

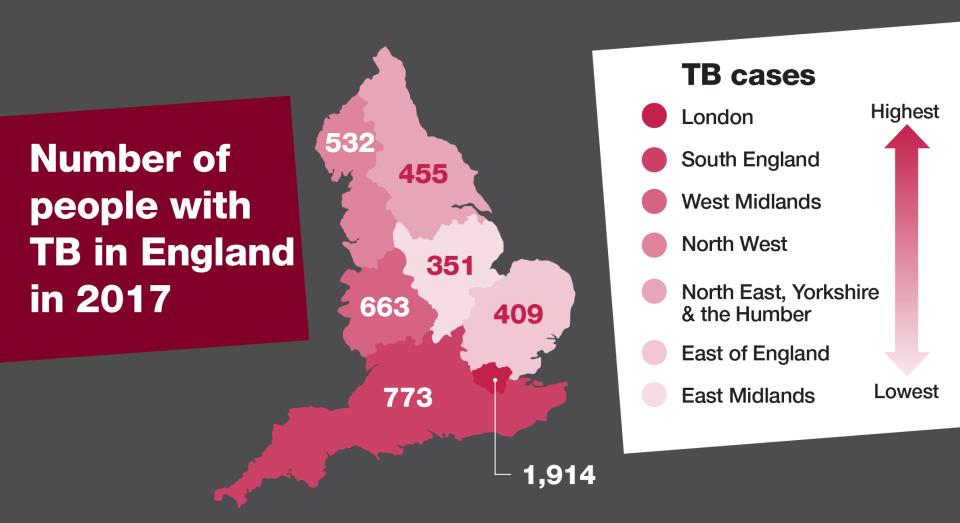
2017

Overall, there has been a 30% reduction in the number of people notified with TB in England since 2013



TB decreased in both the UK and foreign born populations

2013-2017



Under-served groups are most at risk of TB

The proportion of people with TB who had a social risk factor has increased

9.4%	12.6%
2013	2017

People with social risk factors:









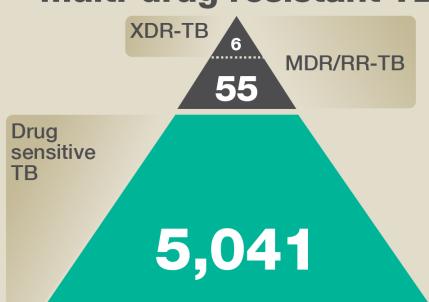
are more likely to have infectious TB



are more likely to die

Improve TB diagnosis to ...

Reduce the spread of multi-drug resistant TB



MDR/RR-TB takes longer and costs more to treat

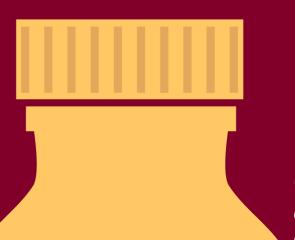
Reduce delays



in access, diagnosis and care

of pulmonary TB patients experience a delay of more than 4 months before starting treatment





840/0
of people with TB
complete a six-month
course of treatment

TB is curable

treat and complete

TB is curable with antibiotics

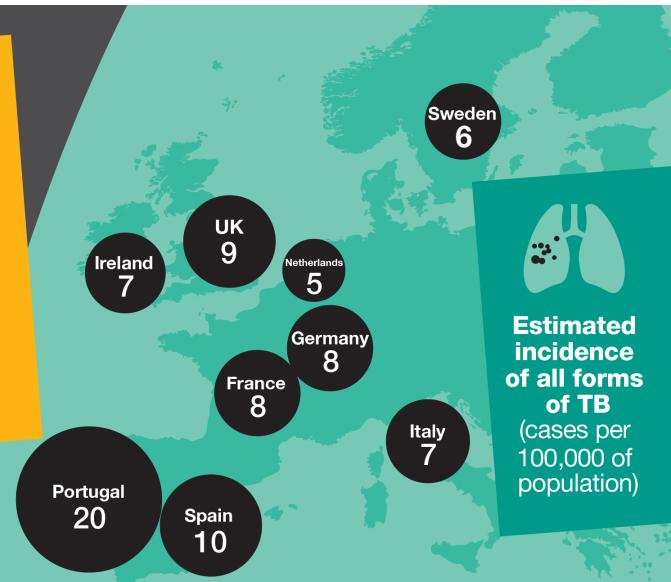
the sooner the illness is diagnosed and treated the better



Completing treatment reduces the risk of:

- drug resistant TB
- onward transmission
- relapse of disease
- dying

TB rates in England are higher than many countries in Western Europe





Improve access and diagnosis



Quality diagnostics



Quality treatment and care



Contact tracing



Workforce strategy



Collaborative TB Strategy for England, 2015-2020



Vaccination



Surveillance and monitoring



Latent TB screening



Tackle TB in underserved populations



Reduce drug resistance